Check the appropriate box to indicate the rule pursuant to which this form is being filed, and provide the period to which the information in this form applies:

☒ Rule 13p-1 under the Securities Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13p-1) for the reporting period from January 1 to December 31, 2022.
Section 1 – Conflict Minerals Disclosure


Conflict Minerals Disclosure

Synaptics Incorporated (including its consolidated subsidiaries, the “Registrant”) is filing this Form SD pursuant to Rule 13p-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the reporting period from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022 (the “Reporting Period”).

For the Reporting Period, the Registrant conducted, in good faith, a reasonable country of origin inquiry regarding the conflict minerals (as defined in Item 1.01(d)(3) of Form SD), as well as cobalt, that are necessary to the functionality or production of products that the Registrant manufactures or contracts to manufacture (the “Minerals”). The inquiry was reasonably designed to determine if the Minerals originated in the Democratic Republic of the Congo or an adjoining country or are from recycled or scrap sources.

The Registrant has determined that it is required to file a Conflict Minerals Report, which is attached as Exhibit 1.01 to this report. The Conflict Minerals Report is also publicly available at https://www.synaptics.com/conflict-minerals. The content on, or accessible through, any website referred to in this Form SD is not incorporated by reference into this Form SD unless expressly noted.

Item 1.02. Exhibit.

The Registrant’s Conflict Minerals Report is included as Exhibit 1.01 to this report.

Section 2 – Exhibits

Item 2.01. Exhibits.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exhibit Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.01</td>
<td>Conflict Minerals Report as required by Items 1.01 and 1.02 of this Form.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Synaptics Incorporated

By: /s/ Kermit Nolan
   Kermit Nolan
   Corporate Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer

May 30, 2023
This Conflict Minerals Report ("Report") of Synaptics Incorporated and its consolidated subsidiaries ("Synaptics," the "Registrant," or "we") for the calendar year ended December 31, 2022 (the "Reporting Period"), is presented to comply with Rule 13p-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Rule"), the instructions to Form SD, and the Public Statement on the Effect of the Recent Court of Appeals Decision on the Conflict Minerals Rule issued by the Director of the Division of Corporation Finance of the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 29, 2014. Please refer to the Rule, Form SD, and the Securities and Exchange Commission’s ("SEC") Release No. 34-67716 issued by the SEC on August 22, 2012, for definitions to the terms used in this Report, unless otherwise defined herein.

Synaptics is changing the way humans engage with connected devices and data, engineering exceptional experiences throughout the home, at work, in the car and on the go. Synaptics is the partner of choice for the world’s most innovative intelligent system providers who are integrating multiple experiential technologies into platforms that make our digital lives more productive, insightful, secure and enjoyable. These customers are combining Synaptics’ differentiated technologies in touch, display and biometrics with a new generation of advanced connectivity and AI-enhanced video, vision, audio, speech and security processing. We generally supply our product solutions to our original equipment manufacturer (OEM) customers either directly or through their contract manufacturers, which take delivery of our products and pay us directly for such products.

Synaptics does not engage in the actual mining of conflict minerals or cobalt (the "Minerals"), does not make purchases of raw ore or unrefined Minerals from mines, and is many steps removed in the supply chain from the mining of the Minerals. We purchase the materials used in our products from a large network of suppliers, who may contribute necessary Minerals to our products. The smelters and refiners used by our suppliers are in the best position in the total supply chain to know the origin of ores, which cannot be determined with any certainty once the ores are smelted, refined and converted to ingots, bullions or other Minerals-containing derivatives. We rely on our suppliers to assist with our due diligence efforts, including our suppliers’ self-identification of the smelters and refiners used in their supply chain, and the countries from which the Minerals used in their supply chain may originate.
II. **Products**

The following products were identified during the Reporting Period as products that may contain any of the Minerals necessary to the functionality or production of products manufactured, or contracted to manufacture, by Synaptics:

- **Our ClearPad®** family of products enables the user to interact directly with the display on electronic devices, such as mobile smartphones, tablets, and automobiles. Our ClearPad has distinct advantages, including low-profile form factor; high reliability, durability, and accuracy; and low power consumption. We typically sell our ClearPad solution as a chip, together with customer-specific firmware, to sensor manufacturers, OLED manufacturers or LCD manufacturers, to integrate into their touch-enabled products.

- **Our ClearView™** display driver products offer advanced image processing and low power technology for displays on electronic devices, including smartphones and tablets. ClearView products include adaptive image processing that works in concert with proprietary customization options to enable development of efficient and cost-effective high-performance solutions and faster time to market. Our display driver products offer automatic regional control of color balance that optimizes light and dark areas of an image simultaneously, and sunlight readability enhancement capabilities that optimize image quality under various lighting conditions. Our virtual reality bridge and virtual reality display driver integrated circuit, or DDIC, chips enable our customers to move to higher resolution and faster response displays.

- **Our TouchView™** solutions include our TDDI products that combine two functions, a touch controller, and a display driver, into a single chip that incorporates all the features of our ClearView and ClearPad products. TouchView products enable thinner form factors to help customers minimize component count and add flexibility to their industrial designs. These products are used in large screen devices, including notebooks and tablets, and are also certified for automotive display applications.

- **Our Natural ID®** family of capacitive-based fingerprint ID products is designed for use in notebook PCs, PC peripherals, automobiles, and other applications. Thin form factors provide industrial design flexibility, while robust matching algorithms and anti-spoofing technology provide strong security. Our Natural ID family of products spans a range of form factors, colors, and materials suitable for design on the front, back or side of a device.

- **Our TouchPad™** family of products, which can take the place of, and exceed the functionality of a mouse, consists of a touch-sensitive pad that senses the position and movement of one or more fingers on its surface through the measurement of capacitance. Our TouchPad provides an accurate, comfortable, and reliable method for screen navigation, cursor movement, and gestures, and provides a platform for interactive input for both the consumer and corporate markets. Our TouchPad solutions allow our OEMs to provide stylish, simple, user-friendly, and intuitive solutions to consumers. Our TouchPad solutions also offer various advanced features, including scrolling, customizable tap zones, tapping and dragging of icons, and device interaction.

- **Our SecurePad™** integrates our Natural ID fingerprint sensor directly into the TouchPad area, improving usability and simplifying the supply chain for notebook PC manufacturers.
• Our ClickPad™ introduces a clickable mechanical design to the TouchPad solution, eliminating the need for physical buttons. The buttonless design of our ClickPad allows for unique, intuitive industrial design and makes an excellent alternative to conventional input and navigation devices. Our ClickPad is activated by pressing down on the internal tact switch to perform left-button or right-button clicks and provides tactile feedback similar to pressing a physical button. The latest version of ClickPad features ClickEQ™, a mechanical solution that provides uniform click depth to maximize the surface area available for gestures and improves click performance over hinged designs.

• Our ForcePad® is a thinner version of our ClickPad, which introduces a new dimension in control through the addition of variable force sensitivity. ForcePad is designed to provide consistent performance across OEM models through its design intelligence and self-calibration features. By detecting the amount of force applied, ForcePad is engineered to enable more intuitive and precise user interactions in operating system controls and applications. Designed with thin and light notebooks in mind, ForcePad is 40% thinner than a conventional touch pad.

• Our Digital Voice Family, or DVF, of SoC products is a comprehensive solution for developing affordable, scalable and green Voice over IP, or VoIP, home and office products. DVF facilitates rapid introduction of embedded features into residential devices such as cordless IP and instant messaging phones. DVF enables development of low-power enterprise IP, analog terminal adapters, or ATAs, and home VoIP phones that offer superb acoustic echo cancellation, high-quality HD voice, multi-line capabilities, and an enhanced user interface. Built on an open platform with multi-ARM processors running on Linux OS, DVF includes IPfonePro™, an extensive software development kit for IP phones and ATAs.

• Our Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications, or DECT, SoC solutions provide integrated digital solutions and include all relevant digital baseband, analog interface and RF functionality. Enhanced with our hardware and software technologies, these chipsets are highly versatile and enable the development of an array of cordless telephony solutions that allow for faster time to market than alternative custom silicon and software offerings. This portfolio supports cordless phones, cordless headsets, remote controls, home DECT-enabled gateways, fixed-mobile convergence solutions and home automation devices.

• Our AudioSmart® products bring forward optimum analog, mixed-signal and digital signal processor, or DSP, technologies for high-fidelity voice and audio processing. Our AudioSmart products include far-field voice technologies that enable accurate voice command recognition from a distance while disregarding other sounds, such as music, in order to activate smart devices such as smart speakers. AudioSmart also includes personal voice and audio solutions for high-performance headsets that enable active noise cancellation.
• Our VideoSmart™ series SoCs include CPUs running at up to 40K Dhrystone Million Instructions per Second, gaming-grade Graphics Processing Unit, or GPUs, voice, and neural network processing units, or NPU. These powerful solutions combine a central processing unit, or CPU, NPU, and GPU, into a single software-enriched SoC. They enable smart multimedia devices including set-top boxes, or STB, over-the-top, or OTT, streaming devices, soundbars, surveillance cameras and smart displays.

• Our ImagingSmart™ solutions include a product portfolio that spans four distinct product areas including document and photo imaging controllers, digital video, fax, and modem solutions. ImagingSmart products leverage image processing IP, JPEG encoders and DSP technology to deliver a wide range of fax, modem, digital video and printer solutions for home, mobile and imaging applications.

• Our DisplayLink® products utilize highly efficient video encode/decode algorithms to deliver a semiconductor-based solution which transmits compressed video frames across low bandwidth connections. These solutions are used in PC docking applications, conference room video display systems, and video casting applications.

• Our ConnectSmart™ video interface integrated circuit portfolio offers a full range of high-speed video/audio/data connectivity solutions that are designed for linking CPUs/GPUs and various endpoints for applications including PC docking stations, travel docks, dongles, protocol converters and virtual reality head mounted displays.

• Our wireless connectivity solutions include state-of-the-art Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, GPS, GNSS, and ULE to address broad IoT market applications including home automation, multimedia streamers, security sensors, surveillance cameras, wireless speakers, games, drones, printers, wearable and fitness devices, in addition to numerous other applications which require a wireless connection.

• Our ultra-low power edge AI platform includes a highly integrated edge AI SOC designed for battery powered wireless devices equipped with audio or camera capabilities for consumer and industrial IoT applications. These solutions are designed for a wide range of power constrained IoT applications used in office buildings, retail, factories, warehouses, robotics, and smart homes and cities.

• Other product solutions we offer include Dual Pointing Solutions, and TouchStyk™. Our dual pointing solutions offer TouchPad with a pointing stick in a single notebook computer, enabling users to select their interface of choice. TouchStyk is a self-contained pointing stick module that uses capacitive technology similar to that used in our TouchPad.
III. Due Diligence

Based on the OECD Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas (Third Edition OECD 2016) and the due diligence framework published by the Responsible Business Alliance (RBA) and the Global e-Sustainability Initiative (GeSI), including the Responsible Minerals Initiative’s (RMI) Conflict Minerals Reporting Template for calendar year 2022 (the “Template”), we took the following measures, during the Reporting Period, to determine the source and chain of custody for the Minerals which we believed necessary to the functionality or production of products manufactured, or contracted to be manufactured, by us in the Reporting Period.

1. Synaptics identified 107 suppliers, whom we believed could provide materials containing the Minerals necessary to the functionality or production of products manufactured by us or contracted by us to be manufactured.

2. Synaptics sent out a survey, based on the Template, to the suppliers described in No. 1 above requesting them to (a) determine whether they supplied Synaptics with metals or materials containing the Minerals; (b) conduct independent due diligence on their own supply chain; (c) identify all smelters in their supply chain that supply products containing the Minerals to Synaptics; and (d) download, complete and return the Template to Synaptics identifying all smelters and, using RMI resources, determine whether such smelters were certified as conformant smelters by the RMI’s Responsible Minerals Assurance Process (RMAP). For any non-conformant smelters identified, Synaptics strongly recommended the supplier remove such non-conformant smelter from the supplier’s supply chain and required the supplier to submit a plan to Synaptics detailing its efforts to remove or replace the non-conformant smelter. In addition, Synaptics’ suppliers were required to establish and document a policy on conflict minerals.

3. 100% of the suppliers identified in No. 1 above completed the steps described in No. 2 above, and 24 suppliers declared that their products did not contain any of the Minerals. Of the 83 suppliers who stated their products may contain the Minerals, approximately 69% stated gold may be in the products supplied to Synaptics; approximately 80% stated tin may be in the products supplied to Synaptics; approximately 27% stated tantalum may be in the products supplied to Synaptics; approximately 43% stated tungsten may be in the products supplied to Synaptics; and approximately 39% stated cobalt may be in the products supplied to Synaptics.
4. Approximately 99% of the suppliers who responded identified all smelters used in their supply chain in accordance with the Template and its instructions; 1 supplier could not identify all of its source(s) for cobalt. Approximately 99% of the suppliers who stated that their products may contain the Minerals certified that the conflict minerals in the products they supplied to Synaptics are sourced from RMAP conformant smelters. One supplier could not certify that all of its smelters were conformant but did not source cobalt from unknown sources. 83 suppliers sourced conflict minerals from a combined 274 different smelters, of which 34 smelters were non-conformant smelters, as determined by the RMAP.

5. Synaptics compared the smelters identified by each of our suppliers to the list of smelters identified as conformant smelters by the RMAP. Approximately 95% of the smelters used by our suppliers for tantalum, gold, tin and tungsten appeared on this list and are certified by the RMAP as conformant smelters. Based on the information provided by our suppliers, Synaptics believes that the facilities used to process the Minerals contained in Synaptics’ products include the smelters listed in Exhibit A below.

   a. Our suppliers used 33 different smelters located in 10 different countries for tantalum. These countries include Brazil, China, Estonia, Germany, India, Japan, Kazakhstan, Mexico, Thailand and the United States of America. Of these smelters, 97% are certified conformant smelters as defined by the RMAP.

   b. Our suppliers used 98 different smelters located in 32 different countries for gold. These countries include Andorra, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, Chile, China, Czechia, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Mexico, Netherlands, Philippines, Poland, Singapore, South Africa, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, Thailand, Turkey, the United Arab Emirates, the United States of America, and Uzbekistan. Of these smelters, approximately 94% are certified conformant smelters as defined by the RMAP.

   c. Our suppliers used 51 different smelters located in 16 different countries for tin. These countries include Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, China, Indonesia, Japan, Malaysia, Peru, the Philippines, Poland, Rwanda, Spain, Taiwan, Thailand, the United States of America, and Vietnam. Of these smelters, approximately 98% are certified conformant smelters as defined by the RMAP.

   d. Our suppliers used 36 different smelters located in 10 different countries for tungsten. These countries include Austria, Brazil, China, Germany, Japan, the Philippines, South Korea, Taiwan, the United States of America, and Vietnam. Of these smelters, approximately 94% are certified conformant smelters as defined by the RMAP.

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1 Smelter data presented in this Report is based on the Responsible Minerals Assurance Process list of Conformant Smelters and Refiners as of May 10, 2023.
Our suppliers used 56 different smelters located in 16 different countries for cobalt. These countries include Australia, Belgium, Canada, China, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Finland, Indonesia, Japan, Madagascar, Morocco, Norway, Russian Federation, South Korea, Taiwan, Thailand, and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. RMI has begun to assess whether cobalt smelters and refiners are conformant with applicable RMAP protocols; however, the operational impacts of Covid-19 have continued to cause delays with some RMAP assessments. As of May 17, 2023, RMI has reported 37 cobalt smelters and refiners as conformant with applicable RMAP assessment protocols and 11 cobalt smelters and refiners that are active with respect to progressing to compliance with such protocols. Of the 56 smelters that our suppliers used, 32 are certified conformant smelters as defined by RMAP and 6 are active with respect to progressing to conformant status. We continue to encourage the cobalt refiners in our supply chain to participate in the RMAP process.

6. Synaptics’ reasonable country of origin inquiry is based on surveys provided by its suppliers, which report to Synaptics whether its smelters are certified as conformant smelters. Certain of Synaptics’ suppliers were unable to determine the countries of origin of the Minerals it provided to us, therefore, we are unable, at this time, to conclusively determine the countries of origin of all the Minerals used in our products.

During the Reporting Period, we conducted the due diligence efforts described in this Report to determine the mine or location of the Minerals in our products. We relied on the information provided by independent third-party audit programs, such as the RMI, to determine whether the smelters disclosed by our suppliers are conformant smelters, as defined by the RMAP.

We continue to recommend to, and put pressure on, our suppliers who had non-conformant smelters in their supply chain in calendar year 2022 to remove such non-conformant smelters from their supply chain as soon as possible and we require such suppliers to submit a plan to Synaptics detailing their efforts to either remove or replace such smelter. We also have an audit plan in place, which was created to audit the design, performance and effectiveness of our due diligence framework and due diligence measures as they relate to the Minerals.

As discussed above, where possible, Synaptics has relied on third party assurances and certifications. For example, we accept as reliable any smelter that is identified as conformant by the RMAP. To the extent that other audited supplier certifications are provided to Synaptics, Synaptics may consider reliance on such certifications on a case-by-case basis.
IV. **Additional Due Diligence and Risk Mitigation**

Synaptics periodically assesses the risk of other minerals in its products, and we update our due diligence process to address the risk of additional minerals, when appropriate.

We will continue to monitor our supply chain, including smelters used by our suppliers, to ensure that all smelters used by our suppliers are conformant with the RMAP. We will continue to pressure our supply chain to provide complete and accurate information regarding their smelters who provide the Minerals; continue to pressure our supply chain to either remove or replace non-conformant smelters from their own supply chain; remove from our supply chain those suppliers who continually refuse to or who are unable to provide complete information regarding their smelters; remove from our supply chain those suppliers who continue to maintain non-conformant smelters in their supply chain; and audit the results of supplier responses to the Template.

Due to the size, breadth and complexity of our supply chain, the process of successfully tracing all of the necessary Minerals used in our products back to their country of origin will require additional time and resources. Our ability to make determinations about the presence and source of origin of such Minerals in our products depends upon a number of factors including, but not limited to: (i) the respective due diligence efforts of our suppliers and their supply chain, as well as their willingness to disclose such information to us, and (ii) the ability and willingness of our supply chain to adopt the OECD Guidance and other initiatives or guidance that may develop over time with respect to responsible sourcing. The inability to obtain reliable information from any level of our supply chain could have a material impact on our ability to provide meaningful information on the presence and origin of necessary Minerals in our products’ supply chain with any reasonable degree of certainty. There can be no assurance that our suppliers will continue to cooperate with our diligence inquiries and our requests for certifications, or to provide us with the documentation or other evidence that we consider reliable in a timeframe sufficient to allow us to make a reasonable and reliable assessment following appropriate further diligence measures, as may be required.
## Exhibit A

Smelters reported in Synaptics' Supply Chain as of December 31, 2022:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Smelter Name</th>
<th>Smelter Country</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8853 S.p.A.</td>
<td>Italy</td>
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<tr>
<td>A.L.M.T. Corp.</td>
<td>Japan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACL Metais Eireli</td>
<td>Brazil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advanced Chemical Company</td>
<td>United States of America</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agosi AG</td>
<td>Germany</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aida Chemical Industries Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>Japan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Al Etihad Gold Refinery DMCC</td>
<td>United Arab Emirates</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Almalyk Mining and Metallurgical Complex (AMMC)</td>
<td>Uzbekistan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alpha</td>
<td>United States of America</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMG Brasil</td>
<td>Brazil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AngloGold Ashanti Corrego do Sitio Mineracao</td>
<td>Switzerland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Argor-Heraeus S.A.</td>
<td>Japan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asahi Pretec Corp.</td>
<td>Canada</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asahi Refining Canada Ltd.</td>
<td>United States of America</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asahi Refining USA Inc.</td>
<td>Japan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asaka Riken Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>Vietnam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asia Tungsten Products Vietnam Ltd.</td>
<td>Germany</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aurubis AG</td>
<td>Belgium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aurubis Beerce</td>
<td>Spain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aurubis Berango</td>
<td>India</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bangalore Refinery</td>
<td>Philippines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bankgo Sentral ng Pilipinas (Central Bank of the Philippines)</td>
<td>Sweden</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boliden AB</td>
<td>Germany</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. Hafner GmbH + Co. KG</td>
<td>Canada</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCR Refinery - Glencore Canada Corporation</td>
<td>Switzerland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cendres + Metaux S.A.</td>
<td>China</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Changsha South Tantalum Niobium Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>Democratic Republic Of The Congo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemaf Etoile</td>
<td>China</td>
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<td>Chenzhou Yunxiang Mining and Metallurgy Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>China</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chifeng Dajingzi Tin Industry Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>Italy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chimet S.p.A.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>China Molybdenum Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>China</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China Tin Group Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>China</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chizhou CN New Materials and Technology Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>China</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chongyi Zhangyuan Tungsten Co., Ltd. China
Chugai Mining Japan
Cronimet Brasil Ltda. Brazil
Compagnie de Tifnout Tiranimine Morocco
CoreMax Corporation Taiwan
Cosmo Chemical, Ltd. South Korea
D Block Metals, LLC United States of America
Dowa Japan
DSC (Do Sung Corporation) South Korea
Dynatec Madagascar Company Madagascar
Eco-System Recycling Co., Ltd. East Plant Japan
Eco-System Recycling Co., Ltd. North Plant Japan
Eco-System Recycling Co., Ltd. West Plant Bolivia
EM Vinto United Arab Emirates
Emirates Gold DMCC China
F&X Electro-Materials Ltd. China
Fairsky Industrial Co., Limited Brazil
Fabrica Auricchio Industria e Comercio Ltda. Poland
Fenix Metals China
FIR Metals & Resource Ltd. China
Fujian Gannin RareMetal Co., Ltd. China
Ganzhou Haichuang Tungsten Co., Ltd. China
Ganzhou Highpower Technology Co., Ltd. China
Ganzhou Huaxing Tungsten Products Co., Ltd. China
Ganzhou Jiangwu Ferrotungsten Co., Ltd. China
Ganzhou Seadragon W & Mo Co., Ltd. China
Ganzhou Tengyuan Cobalt New Material Co., Ltd. China
Gangzhou Yi Hao Umicore Industry Co. China
Geib Refining Corporation United States of America
Gejiu Non-Ferrous Metal Processing Co., Ltd. China
Gem (Jiangsu) Cobalt Industry Co., Ltd. China
Glencore Nikkelverk Refinery Norway
Global Advanced Metals Aizu Japan
Global Advanced Metals Boyertown United States of America
Global Tungsten & Powders Corp. United States of America
Gold Refinery of Zijin Mining Group Co., Ltd. China
Guangdong Hanhe Non-Ferrous Metal Co., Ltd. China
Guangdong Xianglu Tungsten Co., Ltd. China
Guangxi Yinyi Advanced Material Co., Ltd. China
H.C. Starck Hermsdorf GmbH Germany
H.C. Starck Tungsten GmbH
Heimerle + Meule GmbH
Hengyang King Xing Lifeng New Materials Co., Ltd.
Heraeus Germany GmbH Co. KG
Heraeus Metals Hong Kong Ltd.
HuiChang Hill Tin Industry Co., Ltd.
Hunan Brunp Recycling Technology Co., Ltd.
Hunan Chenzhou Mining Co., Ltd.
Hunan Chunchang Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd.
Hunan CNGR New Energy Science & Technology Co., Ltd.
Hunan Jinxin New Material Holding Co., Ltd.
Hunan Shizhuyuan Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd. Chenzhou Tungsten Products Branch
Hunan Yacheng New Materials Co., Ltd.
ICoNiChem
Inner Mongolia Qiankun Gold and Silver Refinery Share Co., Ltd.
Ishifuku Metal Industry Co., Ltd.
Istanbul Gold Refinery
Italpreziosi
Japan Mint
Japan New Metals Co., Ltd.
Jiangsu Xiongfeng Technology Co., Ltd.
Jiangwu H.C. Starck Tungsten Products Co., Ltd.
Jiangxi Copper Co., Ltd.
Jiangxi Dinghai Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd.
Jiangxi Gan Bei Tungsten Co., Ltd.
Jiangxi Jiangwu Cobalt industrial Co., Ltd.
Jiangxi New Nanshan Technology Ltd.
Jiangxi Rui da Xinmengyuan Technology Co., Ltd.
Jiangxi Tonggu Non-ferrous Metallurgical & Chemical Co., Ltd.
Jiangxi Tuohong New Raw Material
Jiangxi Xinsheng Tungsten Industry Co., Ltd.
Jiangxi Yaosheng Tungsten Co., Ltd.
Jiujiang JinXin Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd.
Jiujiang Tanbre Co., Ltd.
Jingmen GEM Co., Ltd.
Jiujiang Zhongao Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd.
JSC Kolskaya Mining and Metallurgical Company (Kola MMC)
JX Nippon Mining & Metals Co., Ltd.
Kazzinc
Kamoto Copper Company
KEMET de Mexico
Kennametal Fallon
Kennametal Huntsville
Kencore Copper LLC
KGETS Co., Ltd.
KGHM Polska Miedz Spolka Akcyjna
Kojima Chemicals Co., Ltd.
Korea Zinc Co., Ltd.
La Compagnie de Traitement des Rejets de Kingamyambo S.A.
Lanzhou Jinchuan Advanced Materials Technology Co., Ltd.
Lianyou Metals Co., Ltd.
L’Orfebre S.A.
LS-NIKKO Copper Inc.
LT Metal Ltd.
Luna Smelter, Ltd.
Ma'anshan Weitai Tin Co., Ltd.
Magnu’s Minerais Metais e Ligas Ltda.
Malaysia Smelting Corporation (MSC)
Malipo Haiyu Tungsten Co., Ltd.
Masan High-Tech Materials
Materion
Materion Newton Inc.
Matsuda Sangyo Co., Ltd.
Mechema Chemicals (Thailand) Co., Ltd.
Mechema Chemicals shang-yu
Mechema Korea, Co., Ltd.
Mechema Taiwan Plant 1
Mechema Taiwan Plant 2
Metal Concentrators SA (Pty) Ltd.
Metallic Resources, Inc.
Metallurgical Products India Pvt., Ltd.
Metalor Technologies (Hong Kong) Ltd.
China
Russian Federation
Japan
Kazakhstan
Democratic Republic Of The Congo
Mexico
United States of America
United States of America
United States of America
South Korea
Poland
Japan
South Korea
Democratic Republic Of The Congo
China
Taiwan
Andorra
South Korea
South Korea
Rwanda
China
Brazil
Malaysia
China
Vietnam
United States of America
United States of America
Japan
Thailand
China
South Korea
Taiwan
Taiwan
South Africa
United States of America
India
China
Metalor Technologies (Singapore) Pte., Ltd.  
Metalor Technologies (Suzhou) Ltd.  
Metalor Technologies S.A.  
Metalor USA Refining Corporation  
Metalurgica Met-Mex Penoles S.A. De C.V.  
Mine de Bou-Azzer  
Mineracao Taboca S.A.  
Minsur  
Mitsubishi Materials Corporation  
Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd.  
MKS PAMP SA  
MMTC-PAMP India Pvt., Ltd.  
Murrin Murrin Nickel Cobalt Plant  
Nadir Metal Rafineri San. Ve Tic. A.S.  
Nanjing Hanrui Cobalt  
Nantong Xinwei Nickel Cobalt Technology Development Co., Ltd.  
Navoi Mining and Metallurgical Combinat  
New Era Group Zhejiang Zhongneng Cycle Technology Co., Ltd.  
NH Recytech Company  
Niagara Refining LLC  
Niihama Nickel Refinery, Sumitomo Metal Mining  
Nihon Material Co., Ltd.  
Ningbo Hubang New Material Co., Ltd.  
Ningbo Yannmen Chemical Co., Ltd.  
Ningxia Orient Tantalum Industry Co., Ltd.  
NORILSK NICKEL HARJAVALTA OY  
NPM Silmet AS  
O.M. Manufacturing (Thailand) Co., Ltd.  
O.M. Manufacturing Philippines, Inc.  
Ogussa Osterreichische Gold- und Silber-Scheideanstalt GmbH  
Ohura Precious Metal Industry Co., Ltd.  
Operaciones Metalurgicas S.A.  
Philippine Chuangxin Industrial Co., Inc.  
Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA  
Port Colborne Refinery  
PT Aneka Tambang (Persero) Tbk  
PT Artha Cipta Langgeng  
PT ATD Makmur Mandiri Jaya  

Singapore  
China  
Switzerland  
United States of America  
Mexico  
Morocco  
Brazil  
Peru  
Japan  
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Switzerland  
India  
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SungEel HiMetal Co., Ltd.
T.C.A S.p.A
Taki Chemical Co., Ltd.
Tanaka Kikinzoku Kogyo K.K.
TANIOBIS Co., Ltd.
TANIOBIS GmbH
TANIOBIS Japan Co., Ltd.
TANIOBIS Smelting GmbH & Co. KG
Telex Metals
Tenke Fungurume Mining SA
Tianjin Maolian Science & Technology Co., Ltd.
Thai Nguyen Mining and Metallurgy Co., Ltd.
Thaisarco
Tin Smelting Branch of Yunnan Tin Co., Ltd.
Tin Technology & Refining
Tokuriki Honten Co., Ltd.
TOO Tau-Ken-Altyn
Torecom
Ulba Metallurgical Plant JSC
Umicore Finland Oy
Umicore Olen
Umicore Precious Metals Thailand
Umicore S.A. Business Unit Precious Metals Refining
United Precious Metal Refining, Inc.
Valcambi S.A.
Western Australian Mint (T/a The Perth Mint)
White Solder Metalurgia e Mineracao Ltda.
WIELAND Edelmetalle GmbH
Wolfram Bergbau und Hütten AG
Xiamen Tungsten (H.C.) Co., Ltd.
Xiamen Tungsten Co., Ltd.
Xiangtan Huacheng Nickel Cobalt New Material Co., Ltd.
XIMEI RESOURCES (GUANDONG) LIMITED
Xinfeng Huarui Tungsten & Molybdenum New Material Co., Ltd.
XinXing HaoRong Electronic Material Co., Ltd.
XTC New Energy Materials (Xiamen) LTD.
Yamakin Co., Ltd.
Yanling Jincheng Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd.
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